# **Equality Analysis Form**

An Equality analysis enables us to target our services, and our budgets, more effectively and understand how they affect all our communities. It also helps us comply with the Equalities Act 2010.

For more information about when you should carry out an equality analysis, who should do this and the support available, go to the equality analysis intranet page.

This form has four sections

- 1: decide whether a full equality analysis is needed. If not, you do not complete sections 2-4.
- 2: gathering evidence
- 3: determining actions
- 4: decision and next steps

Appendix One – Decision-making process Appendix Two - data broken down by Protected Characteristics



				Draft Cabinet Report: TRANSPORT AND HIGHWAY PROJECTS
				•
				LOCAL IMPLEMENTATION PLAN
				ANNUAL SPENDING SUBMISSION
Name o	of docum	ent		2015/16
Date		Date		
of		of		
Date   next		next		
Version	reviewed	review	Reviewed by	Changes made

#### 1. Decide whether a full equality analysis is needed 1.1 What are you analysing? Question Guidance Answer What is the name of your change or The change or review may involve: This is not a change or review. The change review? was made last year when the Local Implementation Plan replacement delivery o policies, strategies and frameworks programme was made and recommended to o budgets Cabinet. The report to Cabinet this current o plans, projects and programmes Equalities Analysis relates to recommends a o staff structures (including outsourcing) 'spending assessment' to be submitted to TfL o the use of buildings to release funding with which to deliver the o commissioning (including re-commissioning second year of the programme. and de-commissioning) o services (for example, how and where they are delivered) o processes (for example thresholds, eligibility, entitlements, and access criteria) To release funding from TfL with which to deliver Why are you doing this? For example, we are considering cutting a the second year of the current three year LIP service. Delivery Plan

What is likely to be different when you have finished?		Very little will be different. The Annual Spending Submission is also the opportunity to adjust slightly the LIP delivery programme. More funding is being recommended for 20mph zones/limits and for cycling than in the original programme. This is largely being achieved by adjusting the timescale for development and delivery of public realm improvement proposals for Norbury highstreet and not using LIP funding to make access improvements to bus stops. The latter is now being funded by TfL from a separate and specific Bus Stop Accessibility funding stream
What will be the main outcomes or benefits from making this change?		As above, this is not a significant change
What stage is your change at now?	See appendix one for the main stages at which equality analyses need to be started or updated. In many instances, an equality assessment will be started when a report is being written for a committee. If that report recommends that a project or programme takes place, the same equality assessment can be updated to track equality impacts as it progresses. If the project or programme include commissioning or de-commissioning, the same equality assessment can be updated again.	As above, this is not a change

An equality analysis must be completed before any decisions are made.

If you are not at the beginning stage of your decision making process, you must inform your Director that you have not yet completed an equality analysis.

1.2 W	ho could b	a affected	and how?
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Question	Guidance	Answer							
Who are your internal stakeholders?	For example, groups of council staff, members	The principal internal stakeholders are							
-		the Cabinet Member for Environment &							
		Transport / Chair of Traffic Management							

		Advisory Committee Services. Other important stakeholders include the Growth and Connected Croydon Boards, Highways and Parking Services and public health and environmental health teams.
Who are your external stakeholders?	For example, groups of service users, service providers, trade unions, community groups and the wider community?	Public transport users, those working and traveling in and through the borough, mobility and disability forum, schools, young people and the wider community
Does your proposed change relate to a service area where there are known or potential equalities issues?	Please answer either "Yes", "Don't know" or "No" and give a brief reason for your response. If you don't knw, you may be able to find out on the Croydon Observatory (http://www.croydonobservatory.org/)	No significant change
Does your proposed change relate to a service area where there are already local or national equality indicators?	You can find out from the Equality Strategy (http://intranet.croydon.net/corpdept/equalities - cohesion/equalities/docs/equalitiesstrategy12-16.pdf ). Please answer either "Yes", "Don't know" or "No" and give a brief reason for your response	No significant change
Would your proposed change affect any protected groups more significantly than non-protected groups?	Please answer either "Yes", "Don't know" or "No" and give a brief reason for your response. For a list of protected groups, see Appendix Two.	No
Would your proposed change help or hinder the council in eliminating unlawful discrimination, harassment and victimisation in relation to any of	Please answer either "Yes", "Don't know" or "No" and give a brief reason for your response	No, no significant change

the protected groups?		
Would your proposed change help or hinder the council in advancing equality of opportunity between people who belong to any protected groups and those who do not?	Please answer either "Yes", "Don't know" or "No" and give a brief reason for your response	No, no significant change
Would your proposed change help or hinder the council in fostering good relations between people who belong to any protected groups and those who do not?	Please answer either "Yes", "Don't know" or "No" and give a brief reason for your response	No, no significant change

#### 1.3 Decision

If you answer "yes" or "don't know" to ANY of the questions in section 1.2, you should undertake a full equality analysis. This is because either you already know that your change or review could have a different/significant impact on protected groups (compared to non-protected groups) or because you don't know whether it will (and it might).

Decision	Guidance	Response
No, further equality analysis is not required	Please state why not and outline the information that you used to make this decision. Statements such as 'no relevance to equality' (without any supporting information) or 'no information is available', could leave the council vulnerable to legal challenge. You must include this statement in any report	This is not a change or review. The change was made last year when the Local Implementation Plan replacement delivery programme was made and recommended to Cabinet. The report to Cabinet this current Equalities Analysis relates to recommends a 'spending assessment' to be submitted to TfL

	used in decision making, such as a Cabinet report	to release funding with which to deliver the second year of the programme.
Yes, further equality analysis is required	Please state why and outline the information that you used to make this decision. Also indicate - when you expect to start your full equality analysis - the deadline by which it needs to be completed (for example, the date of submission to Cabinet) where and when you expect to publish this analysis (for example, on the council website).  You must include this statement in any report used in decision making, such as a Cabinet report.	
Officers that must approve this decision	Name and position	Date
Report author	Ian Pinamonti-Hyde (Strategic Transport Manager) / Ian Plowright (Head of Transport)	20 August 2014
Director	Tony Brooks	4 September 2014
Please email this completed form to data director has approved it.	a.equalities@croydon.gov.uk, together with ar	email trail showing that the your
1.4 Feedback from the corporate e	qualities team	
Name of equalities officer	Yvonne Okiyo	
Date received by equalities officer	Please send an acknowledgement	21 August 2014
Should a full equality analysis be carried out?	No for reasoning set out above	3 September 2014

#### Please send this document to

- the person responsible for making the decision
- democratic services, the corporate programme office or procurement as appropriate in time for the relevant decision making meeting

#### 2. Evidence Considered

List the documents and information that have been considered as part of this review to enable reasonable judgments to be made on the assessment of impact.

This section needs to include consultation data and desktop research (local and national data).

Quantitative Data	Qualitative Data

#### 2.1 Analysing Impact

Use the table below plot and identify where there is a potential impact on any of the staff and customers/service users by protected characteristic arising from the change.

The cells of the matrix should be filled in as below:

Key	
0	Indicates where the impact is unknown on Service Users/Staff, This is due to evidence not being available to indicate otherwise (neither positive nor negative impact).
Р	Indicates the change may have a potential Positive Impact on Service Users/Staff
N	Indicates the change may have a potential Negative Impact on Service Users/Staff
P/N	Indicates the change may have both Positive and Negative Impacts on Service Users/Staff

An example of the chart filled in below:

			Protected Characteristics								
Services			Age	Disabilit y	Gender Reassignment	Pregnancy and Maternity	Race	Religion and Belief	Sex	Sexual Orientation	Marriage and Civil Partnership
		Capacity	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		Availability	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		Continuity	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		Security	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Service Provision	Service Design	Supplier Management	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		Service Level Availability	Р	Р	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		Service Catalogue Management	N	P/N	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Description of Impact – Service User Related									
Service Area	Protected Group	Description of Potential Positive Impact	Description of Potential Negative Impact	ve Evidence Source					

<b>Description</b> o	Description of Impact – Employment Related						
Service Area	Protected Group	Description of Potential Positive Impact	Description of Potential Negative Impact	Evidence Source			

### 2.2 Is there any evidence missing? If so, how will you gather this missing evidence?

If you do not have all the evidence you need to make an informed decision, talk to your departmental equality lead about practical ways to gather it. For example, if you do not have time to conduct a survey, is there a way can increase your understanding before undertaking more robust research at a later date? Perhaps by meeting with stakeholders. The depth and degree of any consultation or research will be determined by the relevance of the change or review to different groups. Those who are likely to be directly affected should be consulted. Read the corporate public consultation guidelines before you begin (http://intranet.croydon.net/finance/customerservices/public\_consultation/default.asp).

If you really cannot gather any useful information in time, then note its absence as a potential negative impact and describe the action you will take to gather it in section 3. Insert new rows as required.

Do not continue onto stage 3 until your departmental equality lead is satisfied that you have gathered all the evidence you need.

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Protected Group	Evidence missing	Description of potential negative impact

# 3. Determining Actions

The overall potential impact is the likelihood of the impact multiplied by the strength of that impact. The higher the score, the more significant the impact. The tables below identify actions to be taken to minimise negative impacts or maximise positive impacts within the programme.

#### <u>Key</u>

#### Likelihood score

5	Most certain	In more than 80% of the circumstances
4	Most likely	In 51-80% of circumstances
3	Possible	In 21-50% of circumstances
2	Unlikely	In 6-20% of circumstances
1	Rare	In 5% of circumstances or less

Strength score	Degree of impact	Proportion of protected groups affected
5	Very great impact	Several protected groups in more than one category (e.g. religion and gender) would be differently affected (compared to non-protected groups).
4	Great impact	Several protected groups in one category (e.g. religion) would be differently affected (compared to non-protected groups)
3	Some impact	All of one protected group would be differently affected (compared to non-protected groups)
2	Little impact	The majority of one protected group would be differently affected (compared to non-protected groups)
1	Minimal impact	A minority of one protected group would be differently affected (compared to non-protected groups).

3.1 Mi	3.1 Minimising Potential Negative Impacts							
Ref	Protected Group	Potential Negative Impact	Likelihoo d Score	Strength Score	Overall Impact Score		Action Owner	Date Action will be completed

3.1 M	3.1 Maximising Positive Impacts								
Ref	Protected Group	Potential Negative Impact	Likelihoo d Score	Strength Score	Overall Impact Score	Action		Owner	Date Action will be completed

## 4. Decisions

## 4.1 Based on the information in sections 1-3, what are you going to do?

Decision	Definition	Yes/no
We will not make any major change to our project because it already includes all appropriate actions	Our assessment shows that there is no potential for discrimination, harassment or victimisation and that our project already includes all appropriate actions to advance equality and foster good relations between groups.	
We will adjust our project	We have identified opportunities to lessen the impact of discrimination, harassment or victimisation and better advance equality and foster good relations between groups through our project. We are going to take action to change our project to make sure these opportunities are realised.	
We will continue our project as planned because it will be within the law	We have identified opportunities to lessen the impact of discrimination, harassment or victimisation and better advance equality and foster good relations between groups through your project. However, we are not planning to implement them as we are satisfied that our project will not lead to unlawful discrimination and there are justifiable reasons to continue as planned.	
We will stop our project	Our project would have adverse effects on one or more protected groups that are not justified and cannot be lessened. It would lead to unlawful discrimination and must not go ahead.	

## 4.2 Next steps

You may find it useful to consult Appendix One before completing this section.

Does this analysis have to be considered at a scheduled meeting?	If so, please give the name and date of the meeting.	
· · ·	An equality analysis should be published alongside the policy or decision it is part of. As well as this, the equality assessment could be made available	

	externally at various points of policy development. This will often mean publishing your analysis before the policy is finalised, thereby enabling people to engage with you on your findings.		
Please state at what stage of your project you will do this and when you expect this update to take place. If you are not planning to update this analysis, say why not.			
4.3 I confirm that the informat	ion in sections 1 - 4 is accurate, comprehensive and up-to-date		
Officers that must approve this decision	Name and position	Date	
Report author			
Director of Corporate Services			
Email this completed form to data.equ	ralities@croydon.gov.uk, together with an email trail showing that the director is sati	sfied with it.	
4.4 Feedback from the corpora	ate equalities team		
Name of equalities officer			
Date received by equalities team	Please send an acknowledgement		
Feedback on decision			
Please send this to the report auth appropriate	or and democratic services, corporate programme office and procurement tea	am as	

## Appendix one: decision making processes

You may only need to develop one equality analysis, updating it as you move from proposing the change to monitoring its implementation.

In many instances, an equality assessment will be started when a report is being written for a committee. If that report recommends that a project or programme takes place, the same equality assessment can be updated to track equality impacts as it progresses. If the project or programme includes commissioning or de-commissioning, the same equality assessment can be updated again.

#### **Budget setting**

For department budget setting, check that each line will have already have appropriate equality analysis under one of the other decision making processes. The corporate budget will be covered under the process for the report to full council.

#### How to use this table

This table outlines the key council decision making processes. Select the process on the top row that you are currently involved in, then read down the column to find out what to do when.

Decision making process	Report to committee, cabinet or full council	Project management	Programme management	Commissioning
Key contact	Solomon Agutu	Tanwa Idris	Tanwa Idris	ccb@croydon.gov.uk
	Report Writing	_		
	Instructions and	Corporate Programme	Corporate Programme	
Link to process	<u>Templates</u>	Office (CPO)	Office (CPO)	Procurement Board
Develop section one of the	When you start writing			Mhon you start writing
equality analysis	your report	Business case	Gateway 1/2	When you start writing
Develop full equality	Before you submit your	Project initiation		your procurement strategy
analysis	report to CMT	document	Gateway 3	report
	When full council,			If the award report goes to
	cabinet or committee			Corporate Services
	decision made or at key			Committee and as part of
Revise full equality	stages in any action plan	At the end of each	At then end of each	contract monitoring
analysis	included in the report	project stage	tranche	schedule
	At the final stage of any			
Write final full equality	action plan included in			
analysis	the report	Post project review	Gateway 6	Final monitoring stage

Who to send the equality	Corporate equality team	Corporate equality team	Corporate equality team	Corporate equality team
analysis to	and democratic services	and project team	and programme team	and procurement team

#### Appendix two: data broken down by Protected Characteristics The information below is taken from the 2011 census unless otherwise indicated. Number of Percentage Age groups people 0-4 years 7.7% 27,972 5-7 years 4.0% 14.388 8-9 years 8.708 2.4% 10-14 years 6.4% 23.130 15 years 4.912 1.4% 9.934 2.7% 16-17 years 18-19 years 8.720 2.4% 20-24 years 23,591 6.4% 25 -29 years 7.6% 27,692 82,439 22.7% 30-44 years 45-59 years 70,488 19.4% 17,029 4.7% 60-64 years 65-74 years 23,155 6.4% 15,318 4.2% 75-84 years 1.1% 85-89 years 3.881 2.021 0.6% Over 90 years People with long term illnesses or disabilities 363.378 Blind or visually impaired These categories were not Deaf or hearing impaired recorded as such in the 2011 census. However, this did record Other communication impairment that there were 24,380 people Mobility impairment (6.7%) whose day to day activities Learning difficulty or disability were limited a lot by long term Mental health condition illness or disability and 28,733 HIV, multiple sclerosis or cancer

Other (please specify)		
	(7.9%) whose da	ay to day activities
Gender	were limited a lit	tle (Office of
Male	176,224	48.5%
Female	187,154	51.5%
Ethnicity	Number of people	Percentage
White British	171,740	47.3%
White Irish	5,369	1.5%
White Gypsy or Irish Traveller	234	0.1%
Other White background	22,852	6.3%
Black African	28,981	8.0%
Black Caribbean	31,320	8.6%
Other Black background	12,955	3.6%
Bangladeshi	2,570	0.7%
Chinese	3,925	1.1%
Indian	24,660	6.8%
Pakistani	10,865	3.0%
Other Asian background	17,607	4.8%
Mixed White and Black Caribbean	9,650	2.7%
Mixed White and Black African	3,279	0.9%
Mixed White and Asian	5,140	1.4%
Other Mixed background	5,826	1.6%
Arab	1,701	0.5%
Other ethnic group (please specify)	4,704	1.3%
Religion	Number of people	Percentage
Buddhist	2,381	0.70%
Christian	205,022	56.40%
Hindu	21,739	6.00%
Jewish	709	0.20%
Muslim	29,513	8.10%

		1	
Sikh	1,450	0.40%	
No religion/faith	72,654	20.00%	
Other (please specify)	2,153	0.60%	
Sexual orientation			
Lesbian		There are no figures from the 2011 census. However, it is estimated that there were 20,370 lesbians,	
Gay	that there were 2		
Bisexual		gay men, bisexual and transgender people living in Croydon in 2001.	
	(London LGBT)		
Transgender			
Transgender	See above	See above	
Pregnancy or maternity			
Pregnant		These categories were not	
On compulsory maternity leave	recorded as such	recorded as such in the 2011	
On compaisory maternity leave	census. Howeve	census. However, there were 5,720	
	live births in 201	live births in 2011 (Office of National Statistics)	
	National Statistic		
Marriage or civil partnership			
Married	122,013	42.9%	
In civil partnership	796	0.3%	